



When you draw a class diagram, indicate the **attributes** and **methods** that make the pattern. Keep the class diagram minimalistic, e.g. If a method or attribute is defined in an abstract or super class and it is just implemented in the subclass you don't have to list it. If a subclass extends a class with a new method or attribute you must list it. Specify the type of **relations** (inheritance, composition, aggregation, interface realization) between classes or interfaces using the correct arrows (see figure above). Interfaces are denoted with << >> and *abstract* classes are written in italic.